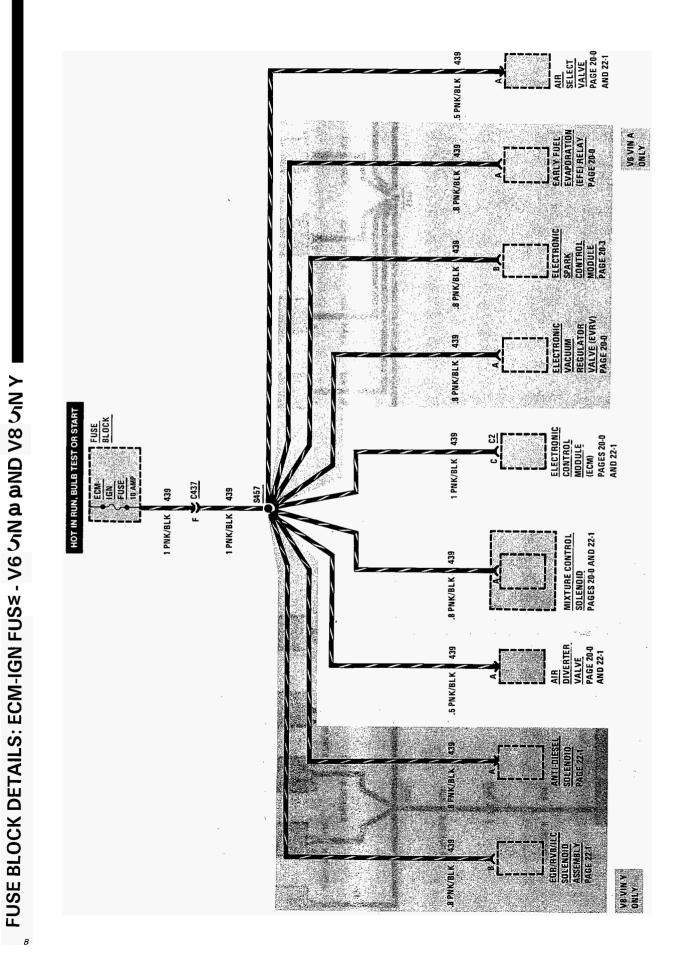
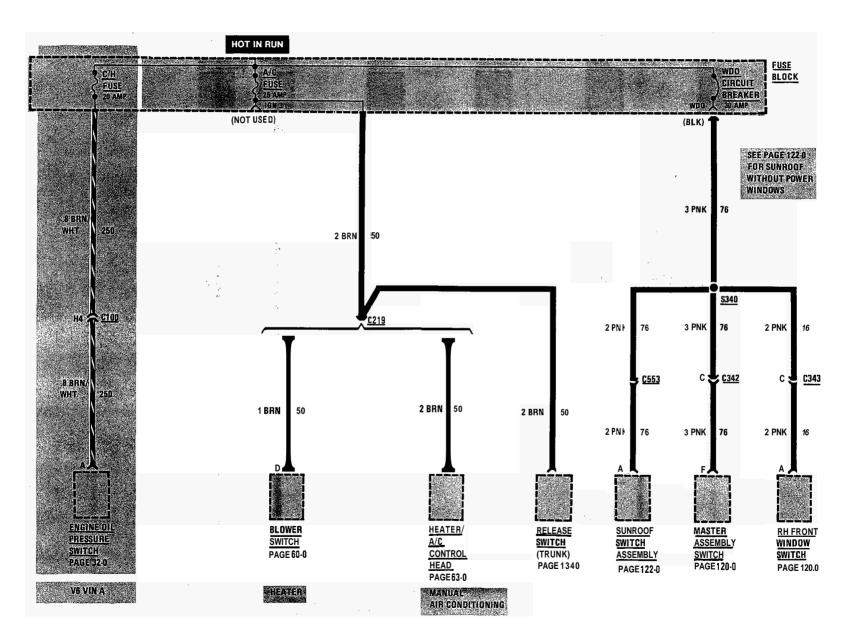


8A -- 11 - 5



## FUSE BLOCK DETAILS: WDO CIRCUIT BREAKER, A/C FUSE, AND C/H FUSE

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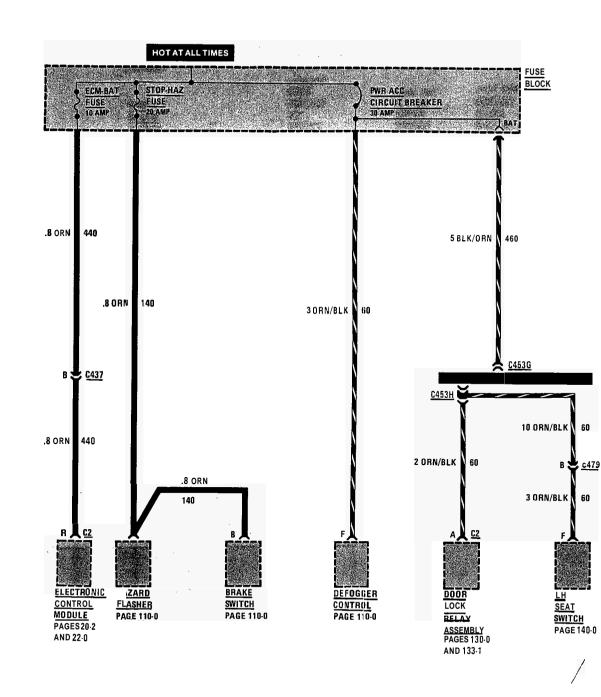


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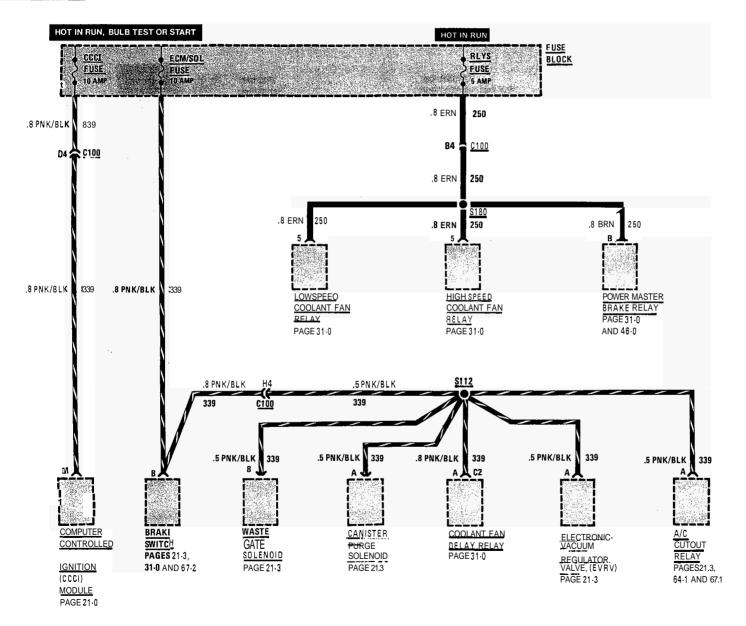
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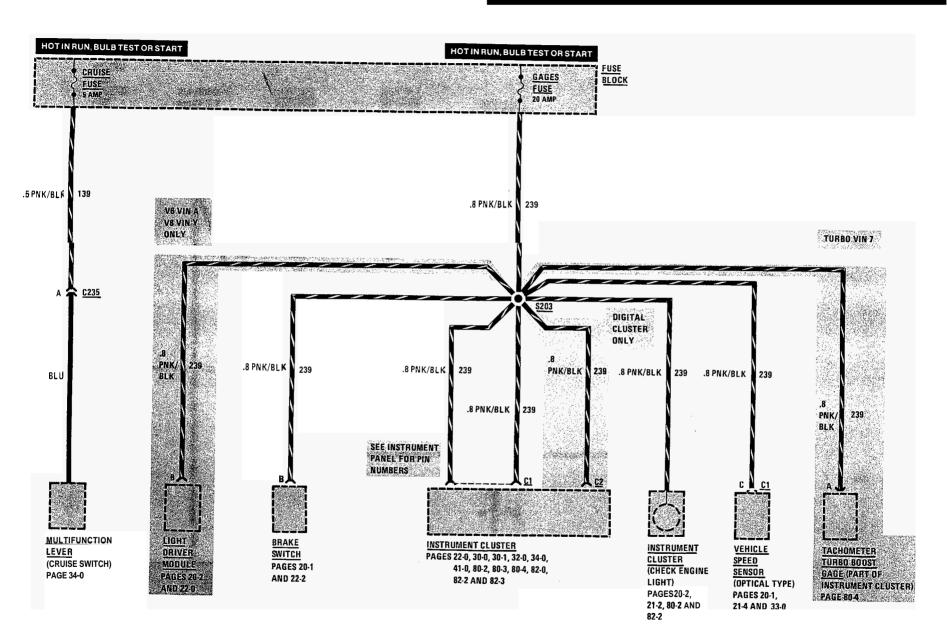
# FUSE BLOCK DETAILS: CCCI FUSE, ECM/SOL FUSE AND RLYS FUSE



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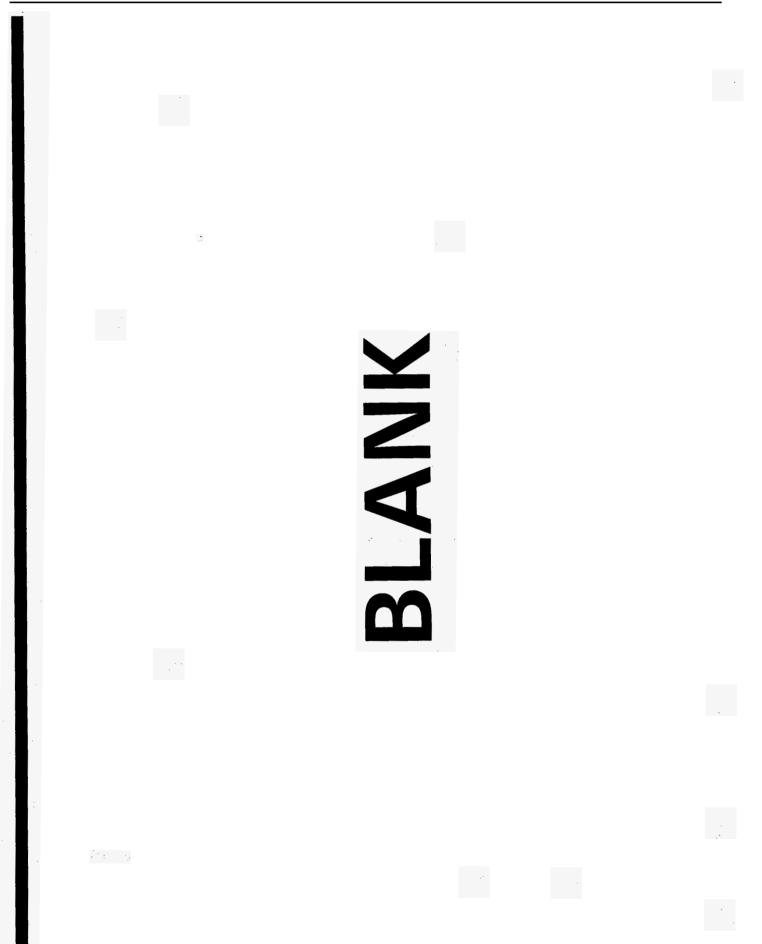
8A – 11 - 9

## FUSE BLOCK DETAILS: CRUISE FUSE AND GAGES FUSE



REGAL

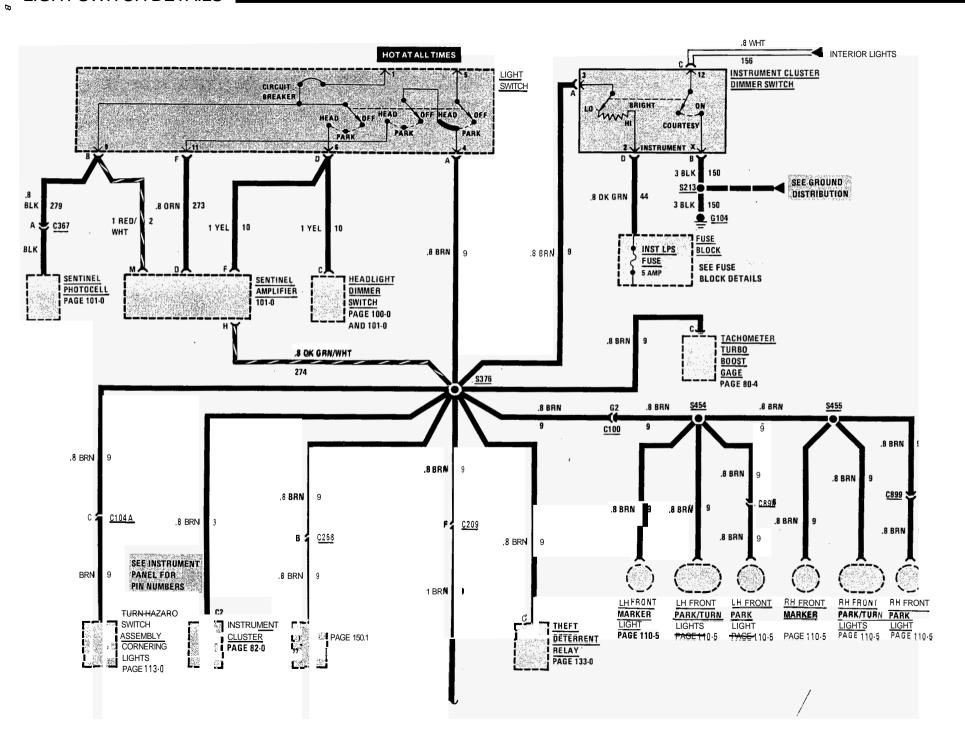
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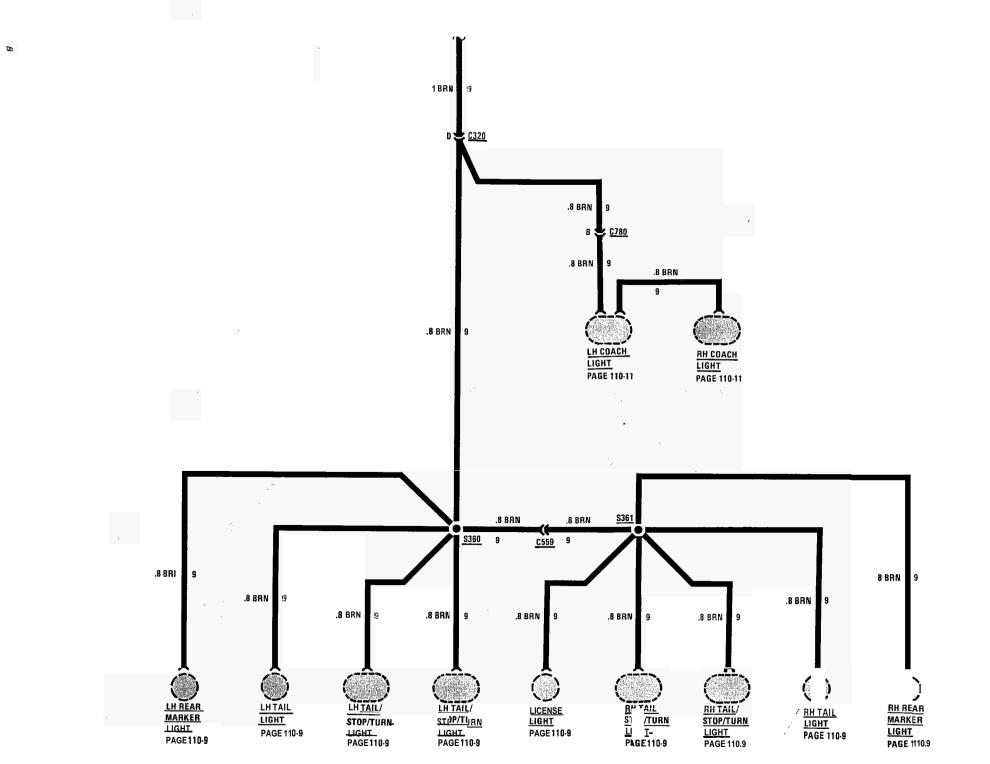
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## LIGHT SWITCH DETAILS



8A -- 12 · 0

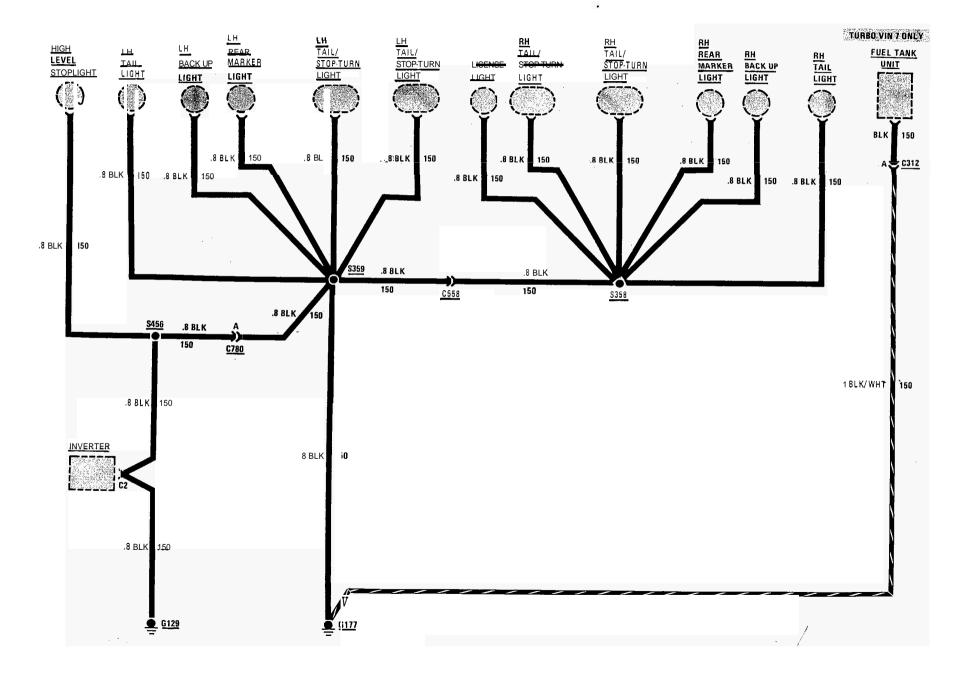


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# GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G177

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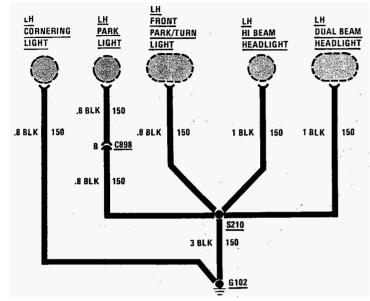


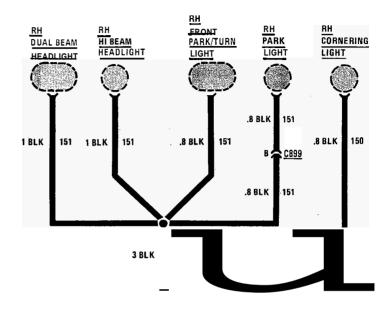
8A - **14** o

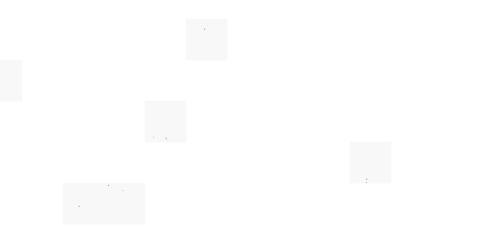
# GROUNL JSTRIBUTION: G102, AND G103

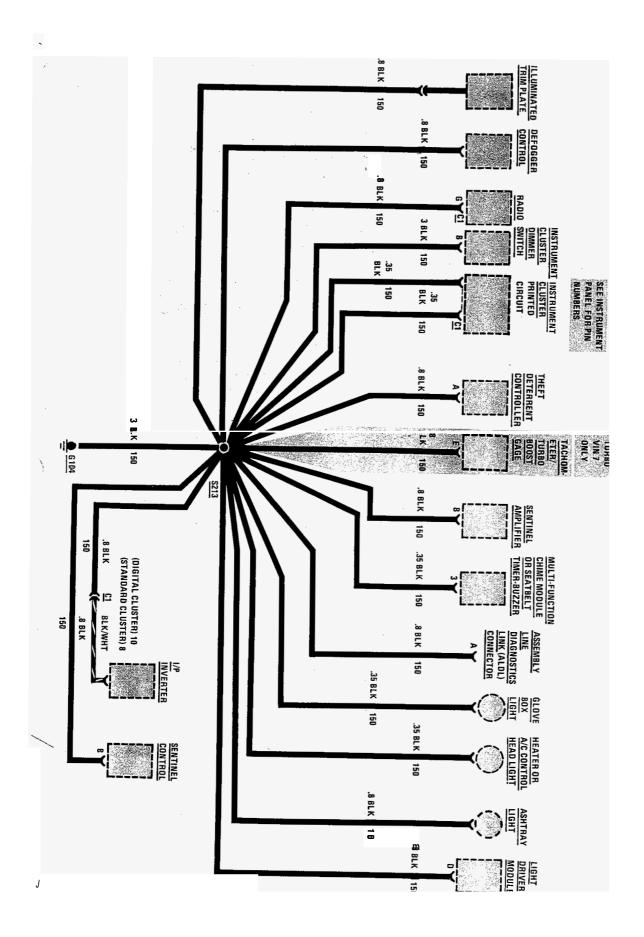
FRONT LIGHTS: DUAL HEADLIGHTS

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# GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G104 INSTRUMENT PANEL GROUND

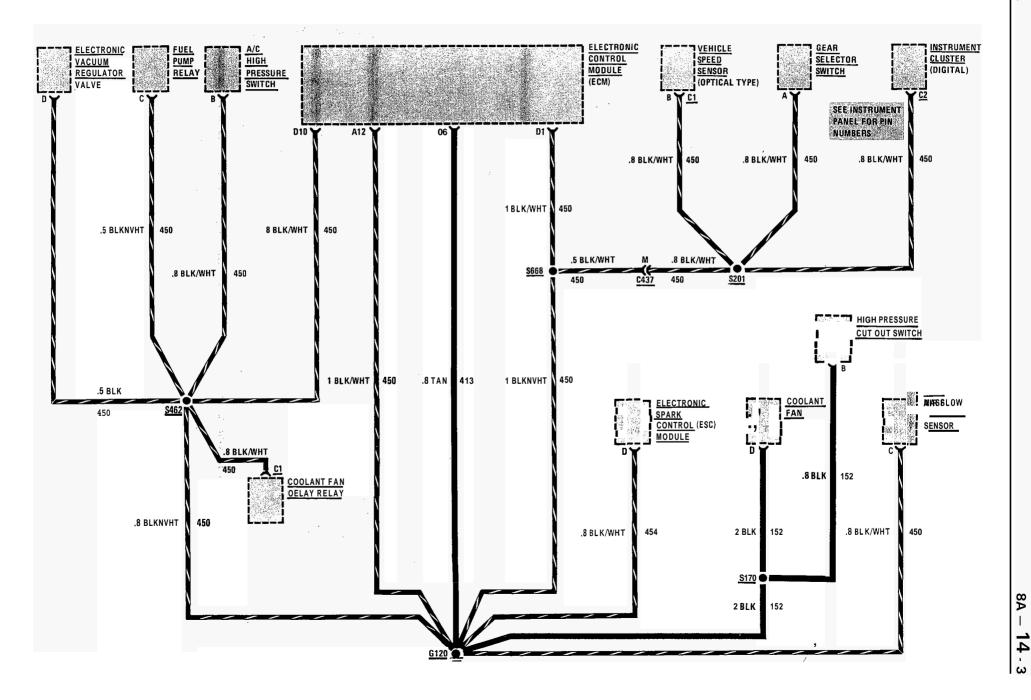
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REGAL

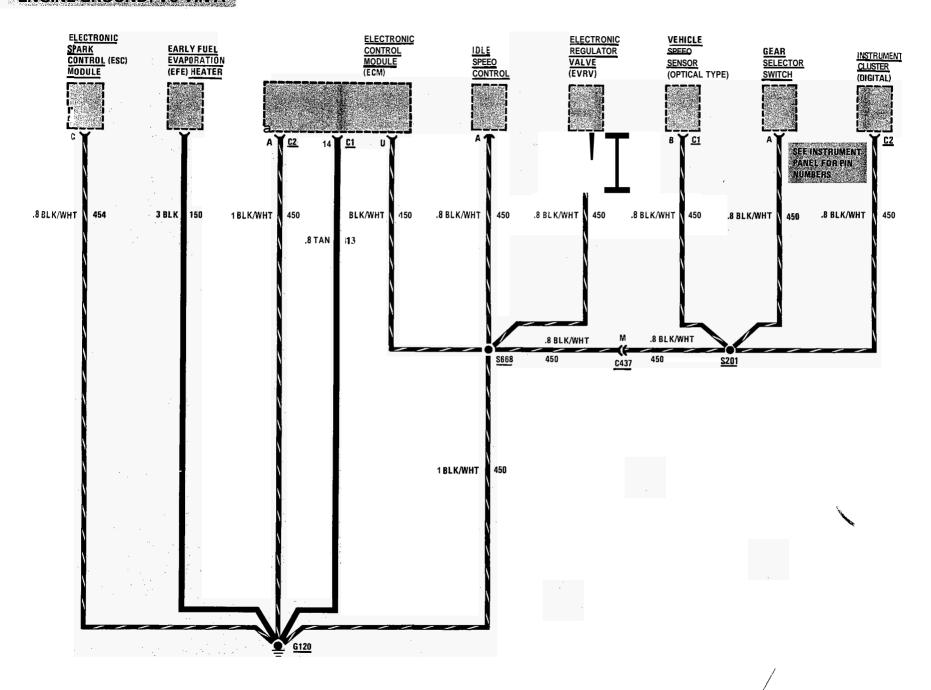
<u> 2 - 14 - 48</u>

## GROUND JISTRIBUTION: G120 I ENGINE GROUND: TURBO VIN 7

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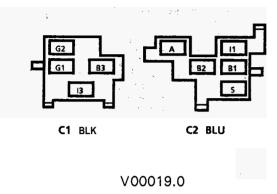


# GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G120 ENGINE GROUND: V6 VIN A



# COMPUTER COMMAND CONTROL: V6 VIN A

# HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES



Ignition Switch



RED12015795 Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor





BLK 12010488 Light Driver Module



BLK 12020132 Mixture Control Solenoid

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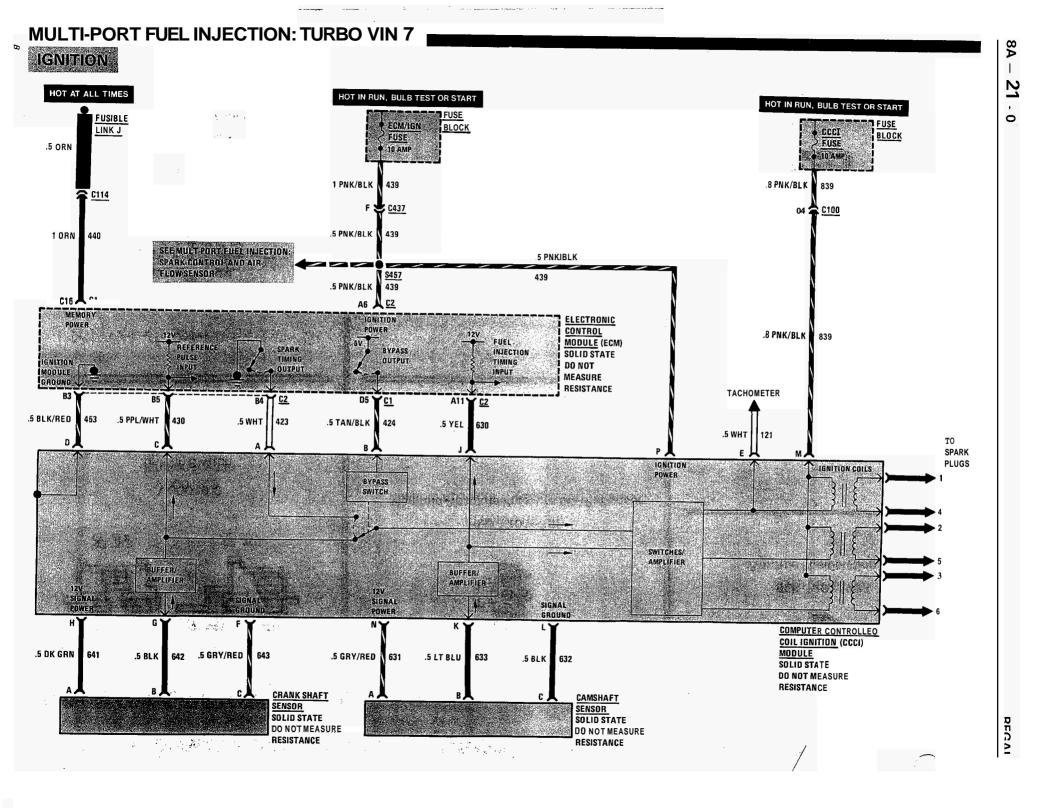
BLK 12015793 Throttle Position Sensor



BLU 12015390 Transmission Converter Clutch Solenoid

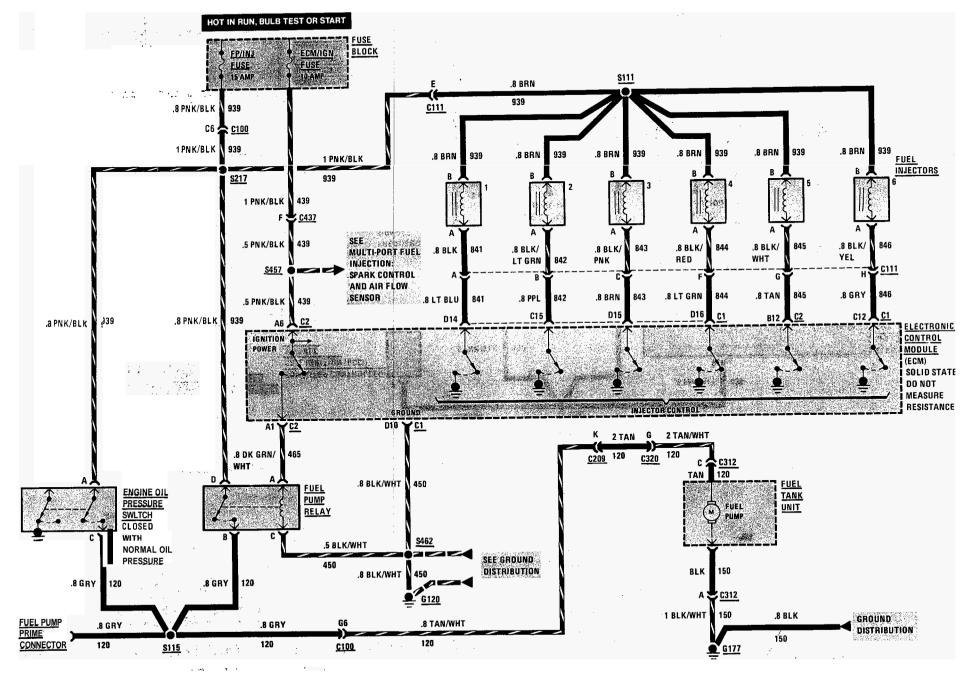


BLK 12015686 Vehicle Speed Sensor Buffer

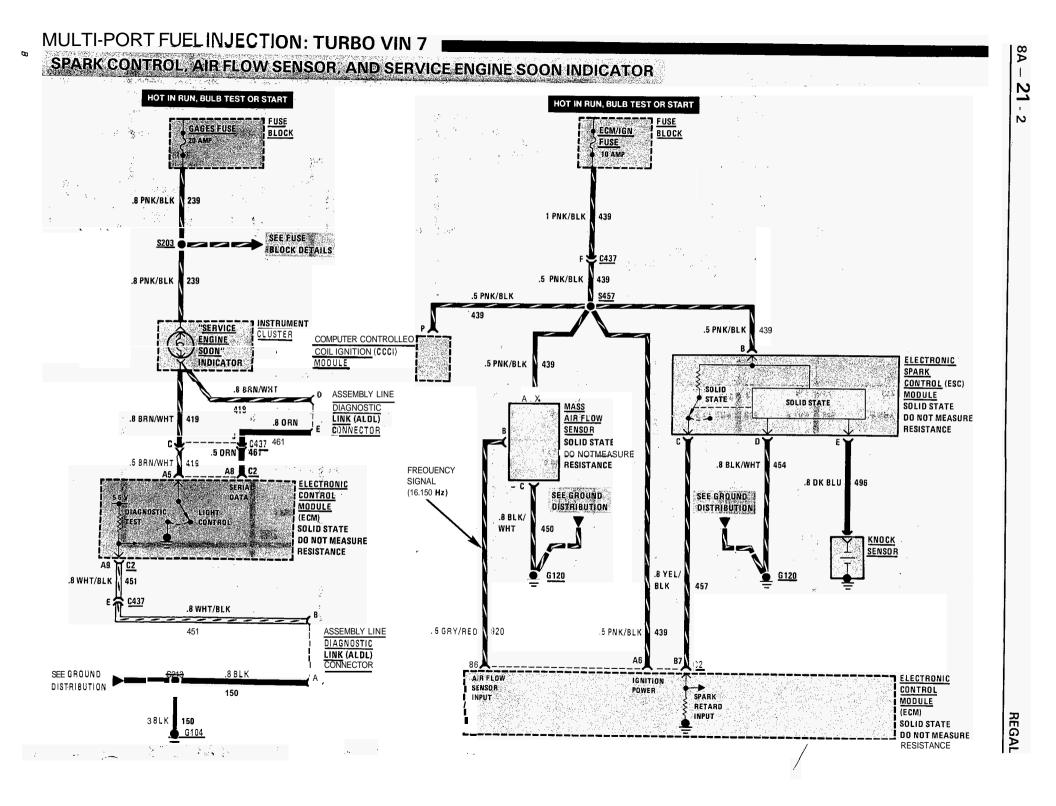


MULTI-PORT FUEL INJECTION: TURBO VIN 7 FUEL CONTROL AND INJECTORS

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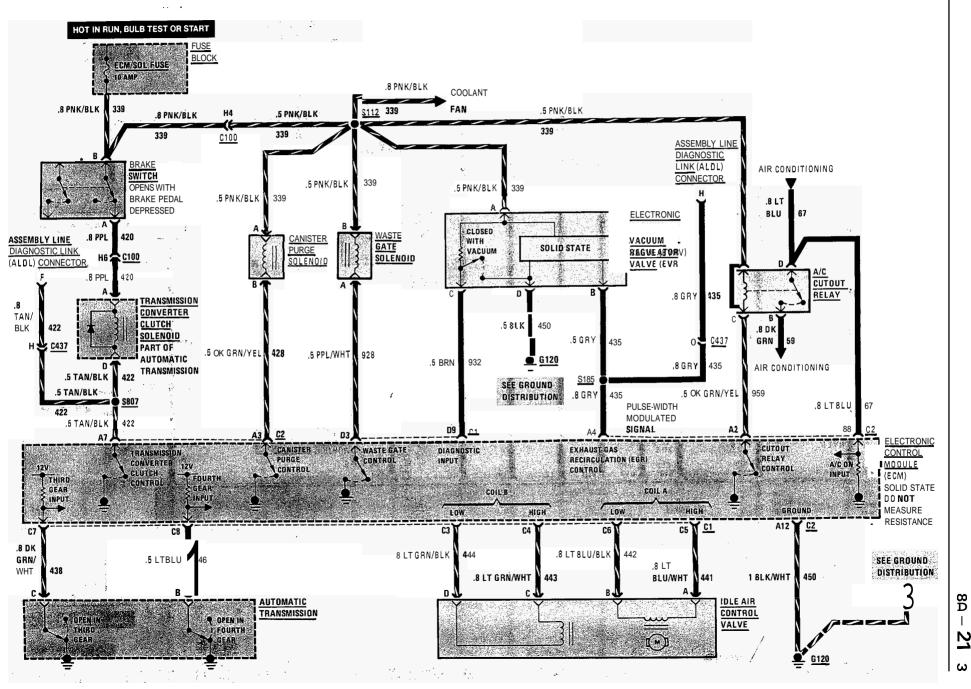


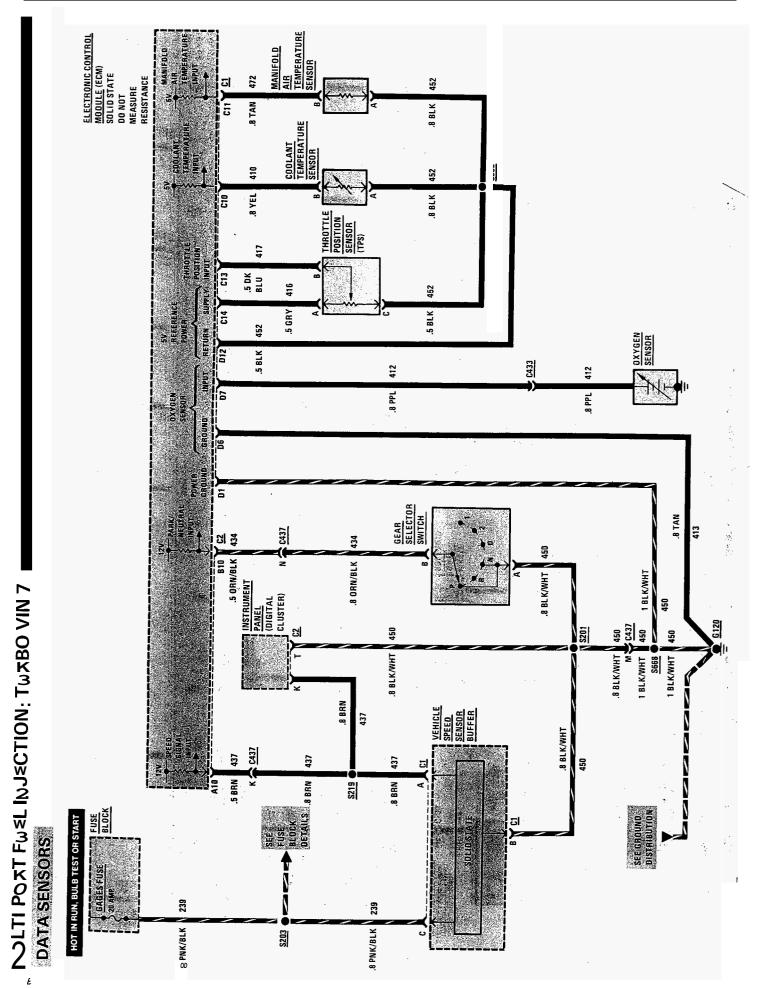
8A - 21 - ·



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# TRANSMISSIONCONVERTER CLUTCH, A/C CONTROLS, AND EMISSION CONTROLS





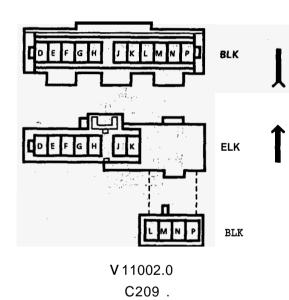
# 8A – **21** - 4

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# HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES

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C100, See Page 202-0

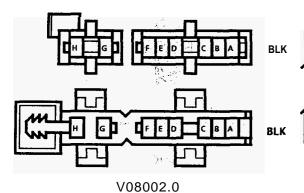




COMPONENT LOCATION	P	age-Fi	igure
AIC Cut-Out Relay (VIN 7) Assembly Line Diagnostic Link	On RH front fender, above wheel well	201-	8-C
(ALDL)Connector Brake Switch Camshaft Sensor	On bottom of <b>I/P</b> , below radio Top of brake pedal support LH front of engine, near water pump LH front of engine compartment, behind	201-1	2-A
	headlights	201-1	10-A
Coolant Temperature Sensor Crankshaft Sensor Electronic Control Module (ECM) .	Rear of engine, above intake manifold Front of engine, left of coolant outlet LH side of engine, behind harmonic balancer RH shroud, near lower access hole	201- 201-	6-A 6-C
Electronic Spark Control (ESC) Module Electronic Vacuum Regulator	On RH front fender, above wheel well	201-	8-C
	LH rear of engine, above valve cover	201-	7-A
	.RH front of engine, below turbocharger At each intake manifold port	201-	5-D
Fuel Pump Prime Connector.Fuel Pump Relay.	LH front of engine, below generator On RH front fender, above wheel well Inside fuel tank.		8-C
	Under LH side of <b>I/P</b> RH front of engine compartment, behind	201-1	
Idle Air Control Valve.	battery	201-	3-A 6-A
Sensor	LH front of engine compartment, in intake hose LH front of engine compartment, <b>on air</b> intake		
Throttle Position Sensor ( <b>TPS</b> )	duct In exhaust manifold Front of engine, <b>on</b> RH side of throttle body Behind IIP, left of radio		6-A 6-A
	/ (Continuedon	nextı	bage)

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#### HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES



C320



BLK 12020015 A/C Cutout Relay

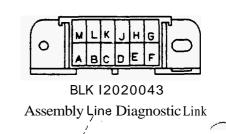


BLK 12015798 Idle Air Control Valve

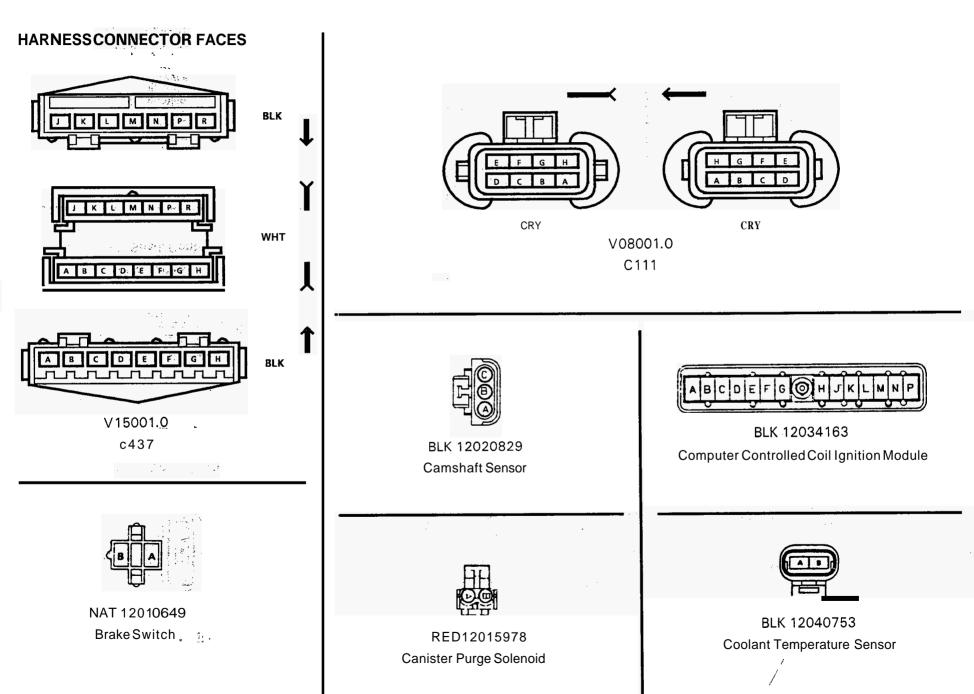
COMPONENT LOCATION	Page-Figure
Waste Gate Solenoid	201- 5-D
C100 (45 cavities) LH rear of engine compartment.	201- 9-B
C111 (7 cavities)	201- 7-A
C114 (1cavity)	
battery	
C209 (11cavities) Attached to LH side of fuse block	
C312 (3 cavities) Behind center of rear bumper.	
C320 (6 cavities) Rear LH corner of trunk.	
C433 (1cavity) Front of engine, left of throttle body	
C437 (15 cavities) Behind RH side of I/P, behind glove box	
G104 Behind I/P, to left of steering column	
G120 RH rear of engine, on cylinder head	
G177	201-22-A
S111	
S112. Engine harness, near rear of RH cylinder he	
S115,, Engine harness, near rear of LH valve cover	
S185, Engine harness, behind I/P, near ECM	
S201 IIP harness, above radio.	
S203 IIP harness, above steering column	
S213 I/P harness, above radio	
S217. Engine harness, near rear of LH valve cover	
S219. I/P harness, behind I/P, above radio.	
S457 Engine harness, near relay bracket	
S462, Engine harness, near rear of LH valve cover	
S666 Engine harness, near front of LH valve cove	
S668. Engine harness, near relay bracket	
S807 Engine harness, behind RH side of IIP	201-17-C

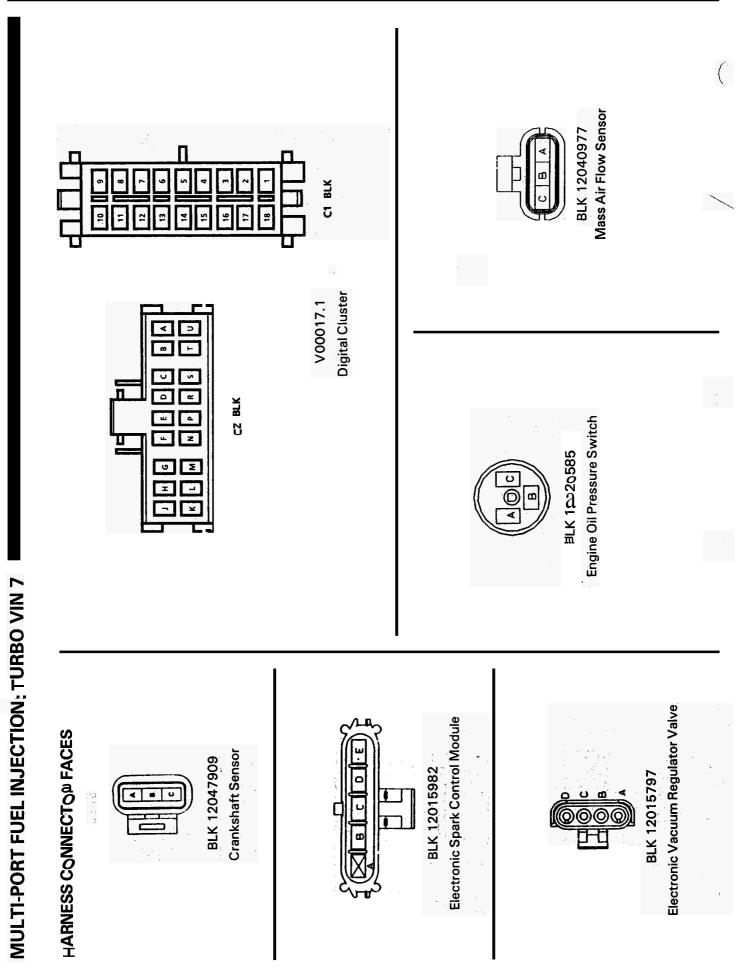


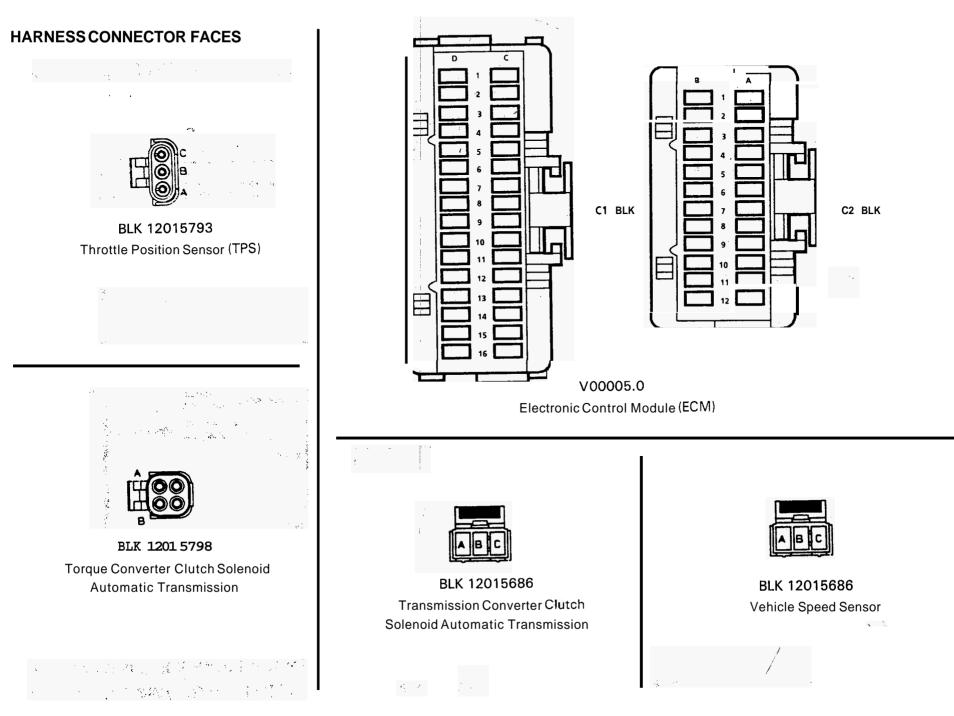
GRY 12041411 Manifold Air Temperature Sensor



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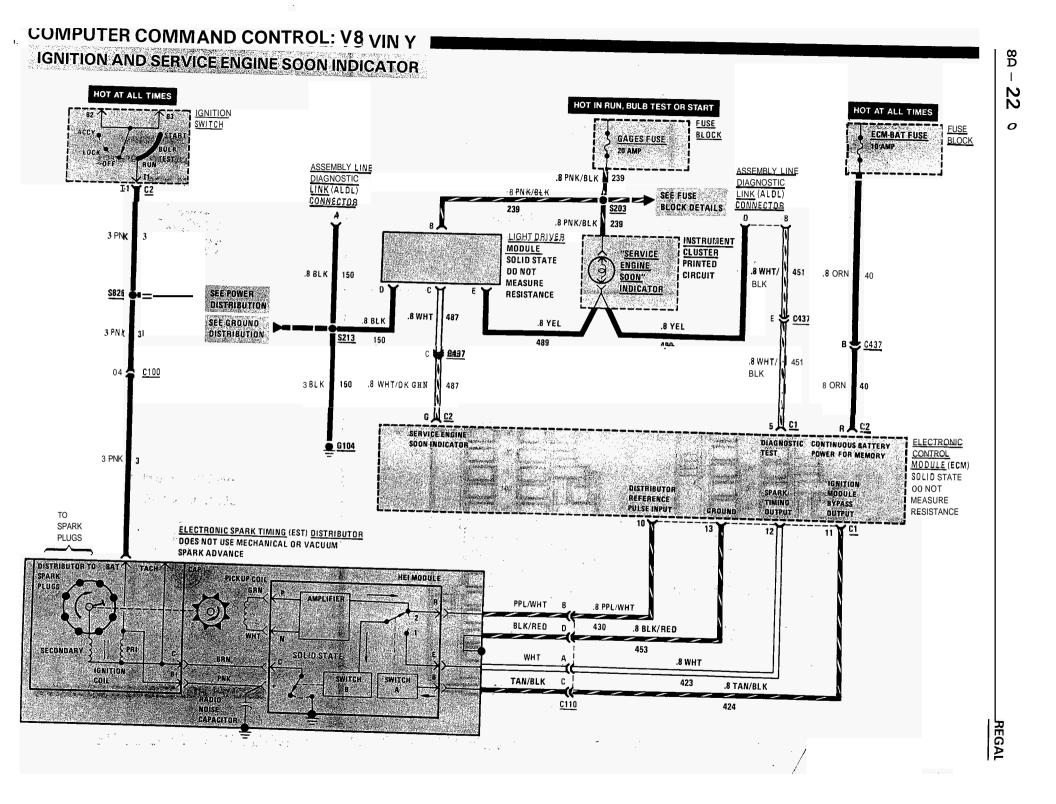




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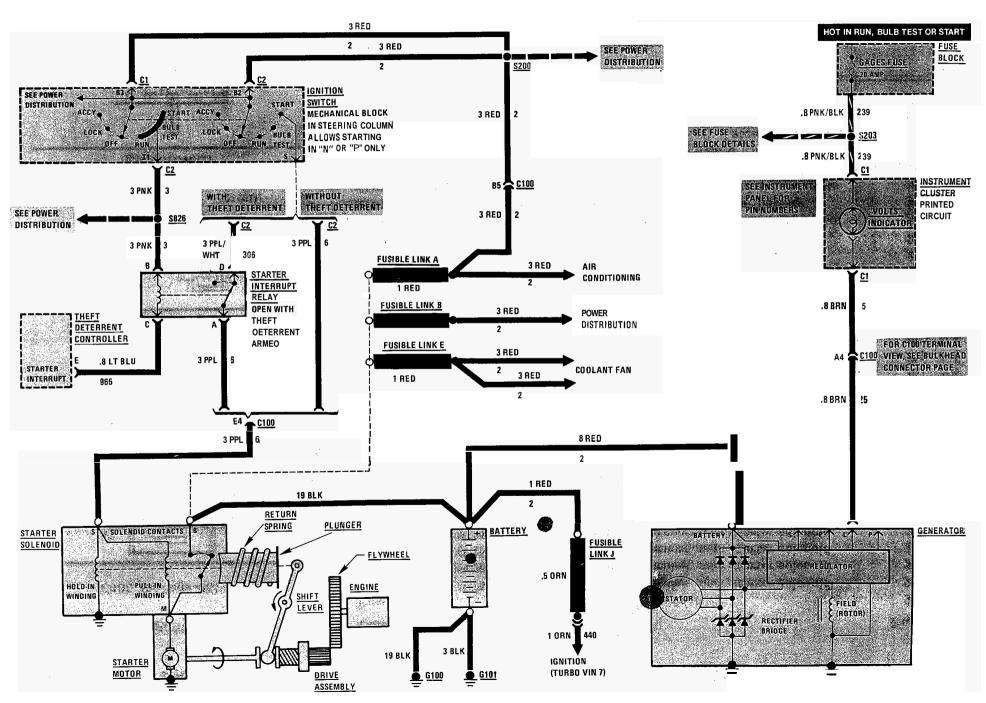
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# STARTER AND CHARGING SYSTEM: TURBO VIN 7

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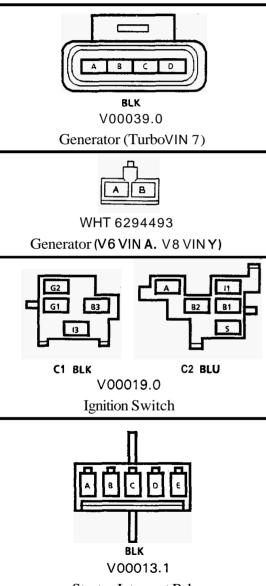


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#### HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES

C100, See Page 202-0



COMPONENT LOCATION		Page-Figure
Fuse Block	Under LH side of I/P	201-12-A
Fusible Link A (VIN 7)	Engine harness. near starter solenoid	201- 6-B
· · · · ·	Engine harness. near starter solenoid	
Fusible Link A (VIN Y)	Engine harness. near starter solenoid	201- 5-A
	Engine harness. near starter solenoid	
· · ·	Engine harness. near starter solenoid	
· · ·	Engine harness. near starter solenoid	
	RH front of engine. next to generator	
	RH side of engine. near starter solenoid	
, .	RH front of engine compartment. behind	
	battery	<b>201-</b> 5-F
Ignition Switch	Base of steering column	
	Taped to I/P harness. near fuse block	
Starter Solenoid (VIN 7)	Lower RH side of engine	201- 6-B
	Lower RH side of engine	
Starter Solenoid (VIN Y)	Lower LH side of engine	201- 5-A
Theft Deterrent Controller	Behind <b>I</b> / <b>P</b> , near LH shroud	201-11-A
<b>C100</b> ( <b>45</b> cavities)	LH rear of engine compartment	201- 9-B
<b>C114</b> (VIN 7) (1 cavity)	RH front of engine compartment. behind	
	battery	<b>201-</b> 5-F
GIOO (VIN 7)	RH front of engine. on cylinder head	<b>201</b> - 5-E
<b>GlOO</b> (VIN A)	Front of engine. below generator	201- 0-B
GIOO (VIN Y)	On LH cylinder head. behind generator	<b>201</b> - 3-B
GIOI (Except VIN Y)	On RH front fender. near battery	201- 5-F
<b>GIOI</b> (VIN <b>Y</b> )	On LH front fender. behind headlights	201-20-Е
<b>S102</b> (VINA)	Engine harness. near front of RH valve cover	201- 2-A
<b>S102</b> (VIN <b>Y</b> )	Engine harness. rear of LH valve cover	201- 2-C
S200	I/P harness. to left of steering column	201-13-B
S203	I/P harness. above steering column	201-13-B
S826	I/P harness. near brake pedal arm	201-12-A



BLK 12015130 Theft Deterrent Controller **REaVI** 

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#### **TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS**

#### STARTER

- Try the following checks before doing the System Diagnosis.
- 1. Check the hydrometer eye that is built into the vehicle Battery before troubleshooting the Starter System.
- Green eye Battery is charged.
- Dark eye Battery is discharged. Recharge Battery.
- Clear or yellow eye Battery fluid is low. ReplaceBattery.
- 2. Check that the Starter Solenoid terminals S and B and battery connections are clean and tight.
- 3. Check that ground G100 is clean and tight.
- Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

#### TROUBLESHOOTINGHINTS

#### CHARGING

- Try the following checks before doing the System Diagnosis.
- 1. Check the hydrometer eye that is built into the vehicle Battery before troubleshooting the Charging System.
- Green eye- Battery is charged.
- Dark eye Battery is'discharged. Recharge Battery.
- Clear or yellow eye Battery fluid is low. Replace Battery.
- 2. Check Gages Fuse.

- 3. Check the Generator belt.
- **4.** Check that the Starter Solenoid terminal B and battery connections are clean and tight.
- 5. Check the vehicle voltmeter (if equipped)to assure accurate voltage readings.
- Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

#### SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

#### STARTER

• Diagnostic steps for the symptoms listed in the following table are listed after the table.

#### SYMPTOM TABLE

- A: Engine does not crank and the Starter Solenoid does not click
- B: Engine does not crank or cranks slowly, but the Starter Solenoid clicks

#### A: ENGINE DOES NOT CRANK AND THE STARTER SOLENOID DOES NOT CLICK (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE At: STARTER SOLENOID Condition: • Ignition Switch: START				
Bletarserre	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis		
<b>S (PPL) &amp;</b> Ground	Battery	See1		
If all the vo Starter Solo     I. Go to Table		ect, replace the		

#### A: ENGINE DOES NOT CRANK AND THE STARTER SOLENOID DOES NOT CLICK (TABLE 2)

Measure: VOLTAGE

#### At: IGNITION SWITCH CONNECTORS C1 & C2 (Connected) Measure Correct For Diagnosis Between Voltage B2 (RED) & Battery See 1 B3 (RED) & Battery See1 S (PPL)or (PPL/WHT) (WithTheft Battery See 2 Deterrent)& Ground

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#### A: ENGINE DOES NOT CRANK AND THE STARTER SOLENOID DOES NOT CLICK (TABLE 3)

Disconnect: CONNECTOR At: THEFT DETERRENT CONTROLLER Condition: • Ignition Switch: START Disconnect Correct Result For Diagnosis Theft Engine See 1 Controller Cranks

- If the engine cranks, **go** to 8A-133 for Theft Deterrent Controller Diagnosis.
- 1. Leave connector disconnected and go to Table **4.**

#### A: ENGINE DOES NOT CRANK AND THE STARTER SOLENOID DOES NOT CLICK (TABLE4)

Measure: VOLTAGE At: STARTER INTERRUPT RELAY CONNECTOR (Disconnected) Condition: • Theft Deterrent Controller Connector: DISCONNECTED • Ignition Switch: START Measure Potwoon

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Detween	vollage	
D (PPL/WHT)	Battery	See1
D (PPL/WHT) & C (LT BLU)	0 Volts	See 2

(Continuedin next column)

(Continued from previous column)

- If all results are correct, go to Table 5.
- 1. Checkhepair PPL/WHT (306)wire for an open (seeschematic).
- 2. Check/repair LT BLU (965) wire for **a** short to ground (see schematic).

#### A: ENGINE DOES NOT CRANK AND THE STARTER SOLENOID DOES NOT CLICK (TABLE 5)

Connect: FUSED JUMPER At: STARTER INTERRUPT RELAY CONNECTOR (Disconnected) Condition:				
<ul> <li>Ignition S</li> </ul>	witch: START			
Jumper Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis		
D(PPL/WHT) & A(PPL)	Engine Cranks	See 1		
<ul> <li>If the engine cranks, replace the Starter If the engine cranks, replace the Starter Interrupt Relay.         Interrupt Relay.         I. Check/repair the PPL (6) wire for an open         I. Check hepair the PPL (6) wire for an open         (see schematic).         (see schematic).         </li> </ul>				

NOTE: The following tests are designed for engines and batteries at normal operating temperatures and assumes that there are no engine symptoms which would cause a no start symptom. To use the tests under other conditions could result in misdiagnosis.

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#### B: ENGINE DOES NOT CRANK OR CRANKS SLOWLY, BUT THE STARTER SOLENOID CLICKS (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE At: BATTERY TERMINALS Conditions:

- Battery fully charged
- (VINA & VIN Y) Disconnect PNK wire from BAT terminal of the Electronic Spark Timing (EST) Distributor
- (TurboVIN 7) Remove the FP/INJ FUSE
- Ignition Switch: START
- Engine being cranked

Positive & NegativeGreater than 9.5 voltsBattery9.5 volts	<b>Measure</b> Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
	<b>Negative</b> Battery		See 1

• If the voltage is correct, go to Table 2.

1. Refer to Section 6D for Battery Load Test. Remove Starter Assembly for repairs if the Battery is OK.

#### B: ENGINE DOES NOT CRANK OR CRANKS SLOWLY, BUT THE STARTER SOLENOID CLICKS (TABLE 2)

#### Measure: VOLTAGE At: BATTERY CABLES Conditions:

- onditions:
- Battery fully charged
- (VIN A & VIN Y) Disconnect PNK wire from BAT terminal of the Electronic Spark Timing (EST) Distributor
- (Turbo VIN 7) Remove the FP/INJ FUSE
- Ignition Switch: START
- Engine beina cranked

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis		
Negative Battery Terminal & Engine Block	<b>Less than .5</b> Volts	See 1		
Positive Battery Terminal & Starter Solenoid Terminal B	Less than .5 Volts	See 2		
• If both voltages are correct remove the				

- If both voltages are correct, remove the Starter Assembly for repairs. Refer to Section 6D.
- 1. Replace Negative Battery Cable.
- 2. Replace Positive Battery Cable.

# SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

V6 VIN A, V8 VIN Y

#### CHARGING

• Diagnostic steps for the symptoms listed in the following table are listed after the table.

# SYMPTOM TABLE

- A: VOLTS Indicator does not light with the Ignition Switch in RUN and the engine stopped.
- B: VOLTS Indicator stays on when the engine is running.

C: Battery is undercharged or overcharged.

#### A: VOLTS INDICATOR DOES NOT LIGHT WITH THE IGNITION SWITCH IN RUN AND THE ENGINE STOPPED

(Disconned Condition:	OR CONNECTOR	
Jumper Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
<b>B (BRN) &amp;</b> Ground	VOLTS Indicator lights	See 1

(Continued in next column)

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- If the result is correct, reconnect the connector and go to Step 2.
- 1. Check/repair the BRN (25)wire, Indicator Bulb or the Instrument Cluster (Printed Circuit) for an open (see schematic).
- 2. Insert a screwdriver into the test hole in the rear of the Generator making sure the screwdriver is in contact with the bottom and side of the test hole. Turn the Ignition Switch to RUN.
  - If the VOLTS Indicator lights replace the Regulator. Refer to Section 6D.
  - If the VOLTS Indicator does not light, check the brushes, sliprings and rotor winding for an open. Refer to Section 6D.

#### B: VOLTS INDICATOR STAYS ON WHEN THE ENGINE IS RUNNING (TABLE 1)

Disconnect: CONNECTOR At: GENERATOR Condition: • Ignition Switch: RUN				
Action Correct Result For Diagnosis				
DisconnectVOLTSGeneratorIndicator doesConnectornot light				
• If the result is correct, go to Table 2.				

1. Check/repair the BRN (25) wire, and Instrument Cluster (Printed Circuit) for a short to ground (see schematic).

(Continued from previous page)

#### B: VOLTS INDICATOR STAYS ON WHEN THE ENGINE IS RUNNING (TABLE 2)

# Measure: VOLTAGE<br/>At: GENERATOR CONNECTOR<br/>(Disconnected)Measure<br/>BetweenCorrect<br/>VoltageFor<br/>DiagnosisA (RED) &<br/>GroundBatterySee 1

- If the voltage is correct, go to Symptom C: Battery is undercharged or over-charged, table **2**.
- 1. Checklrepair RED (2) wires for an open (seeschematic).

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#### C: BATTERY IS UNDERCHARGED OR OVERCHARGED (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE At: GENERATOR Conditions: • Ignition Switch: RUN				
Generator Connector Disconnected				
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	ForDiagnosis		
BAT terminal & Ground	Battery	See1		
A (RED) & Ground	Battery	See1		
<b>B (BRN) &amp;</b> Ground	Battery	See2		
• If all the ve	oltages are cor	ect reconnect		

- If all the voltages are correct, reconnect connector and go to Table 2.
- 1. Checklrepair the RED (2)wire for an open (see schematic).
- 2. Check/repair BRN (25) wire, Indicator Bulb, and Instrument Cluster (Printed Circuit) for an open.

#### C: BATTERY IS UNDERCHARGEDOR OVERCHARGED (TABLE 2)

Measure: VOLTAGE At: GENERATOR Conditions: • All accessories turned off • Engine running at fast idle				
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis		
Battery Terminal & Ground	13to 16volts	See 1		
• If the voltage is correct, perform a Gener- ator Load Test. Refer to Section 6D. Per- form a Battery Load Test if the Generator is good. Refer to Section 6D.				

1. Remove Generator for repair. Refer to Section 6D.

#### SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

**TURBO VIN 7** 

#### CHARGING

• Diagnostic steps for the symptoms listed in the following table are listed after the table.

#### **SYMPTOM TABLE**

- **A.** VOLTS Indicator does not light with the Ignition Switch in RUN and the engine stopped
- B. VOLTS Indicator stays on when the engine is running
- C. Batterv is undercharged or overcharged

#### A: VOLTS INDICATOR DOES NOT LIGHT WITH THE IGNITION SWITCH IN RUN AND THE ENGINE STOPPED

#### Connect: FUSED JUMPER At: GENERATOR CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

# Condition:

Ignition Switch: RUN		
Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
L (BRN) & Ground	Volts Indicator Lights	See 1
• If the result is correct, repair/replace the		

- Generator. Refer to Section 6D. **1.** Checkhepair the BRN **(25)** wire, Indicator
- Bulb and the Instrument Cluster (Printed Circuit) for an open (see schematic).

Action	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
Disconnect Generator Connector	VOLTS Indicator does not Light	See 1

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#### C: BATTERY IS UNDERCHARGED OR OVERCHARGED (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE At: GENERATOR Conditions: Ignition Switch: RUN Generator Connector: DISCONNECTED Measure Correct For Diagnosis Voltage Between L (BRN) & Battery See1 Ground Battery terminal & Battery See 2 Ground

(Continued in next column)

#### (Continued from previous column)

- If all the voltages are correct, reconnect connector and go to Table **2**.
- 1. Checkhepair the BRN (25) wire, Indicator Bulb, and Instrument Cluster (Printed Circuit) for a open (seeschematic).
- 2. Checkhepair RED (2)wire for an open (see schematic).

#### C: BATTERY IS UNDERCHARGED OR OVERCHARGED (TABLE 2)

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
Battery terminal & Ground	<b>13</b> to 16 Volts	See 1
<ul> <li>If the voltage is correct, perform a Generator Load Test. Refer to Section 6D. Perform a Battery Load Test if the Generator is good. Refer to Section 6D.</li> </ul>		

1. Repair/replace the Generator. Refer to Section 6D.

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#### (Continuedfrom previous page) CIRCUIT OPERATION STARTER

When the Ignition Switch is moved to the START position, battery voltage is applied to the Starter Solenoid. Both solenoid windings are energized. The circuit through the Pull-In Winding is completed to ground through the Starter Motor. The windings work together magnetically to pull in and hold in the Plunger. The Plunger moves the Shift Lever. This action causes the Drive Assembly to rotate as it engages the Flywheel ring gear on the engine. At the same time, the Plunger also closes the solenoid switch contacts in the Starter Solenoid. Full battery voltage is applied directly to the Starter Motor and it cranks the engine.

As soon **as** the solenoid switch contacts close, voltage is no longer applied through the Pull-In Winding, since battery voltage is applied to both ends of the windings. The Hold-In Winding remains energized, and its magnetic field is strong enough to hold the Plunger, Shift Lever, and Drive Assembly solenoid switch contacts in place to continue cranking the engine.

When the Ignition Switch is released from the START position, battery voltage is removed from the PPL wire and the junction of the two windings. Voltage is applied from the Motor Contacts through both windings to ground at the end **of** the Hold-In Winding. However, the voltage applied to the Pull-In Winding is now opposing the voltage applied when the winding was first energized. The magnetic fields of the Pull-In and Hold-In Windings now oppose one another. This action of the windings, with the help of the Return Spring, causes  $t^{\flat}$  Drive Assembly to disengage and the solenoid switch contacts to open simultaneously. As soon as the contacts open, the starter circuit is turned off.

#### CIRCUIT OPERATION V6 VIN A, V8 VIN Y CHARGING

The Generator supplies DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical systems and to recharge its Battery. The output of the Generator is controlled by the built-in solid-state Regulator.

When the Ignition Switch is first moved to RUN or BULB TEST, before the Engine is started, a small current flows through the VOLTS Indicator, the Generator Field winding, and the Regulator. This current lights the VOLTS Indicator. It also produces a magnetic field around the field winding. As the engine starts, the rotation of this small field produces a voltage in the Stator. The regulator senses this voltage and takes control of the field current.

AC voltage is generated in three Stator windings in the Generator. This is charged to DC by the Rectifier Bridge. This DC output is applied to the Battery and the car's circuits at the BAT terminal of the Generator. A separate output voltage is provided by the Diode Trio to the field winding of the Rotor. In this way, some of the output of the Generator is used to supply its field excitation. The field voltage is also applied to the VOLTS Indicator bulb. This causes the bulb to go out after the engine starts and the Generator is operating. With equal voltage at both sides of the bulb, the bulb goes out. The Regulator is connected to the battery voltage at Terminal A of the Generator. When the Battery is fully charged, its voltage is high. The Regulator then decreases the Generator field excitation. This reduces the output of the Generator to prevent overcharging the Battery. When the Battery has been discharged or is loaded heavily, its voltage is lower. The Regulator senses this and increases the output of the Generator.

#### CIRCUIT OPERATION TURBO VIN 7 CHARGING

The Generator supplies DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical systems and to charge its Battery. The output of the Generator is controlled by the built-in digital Regulator.

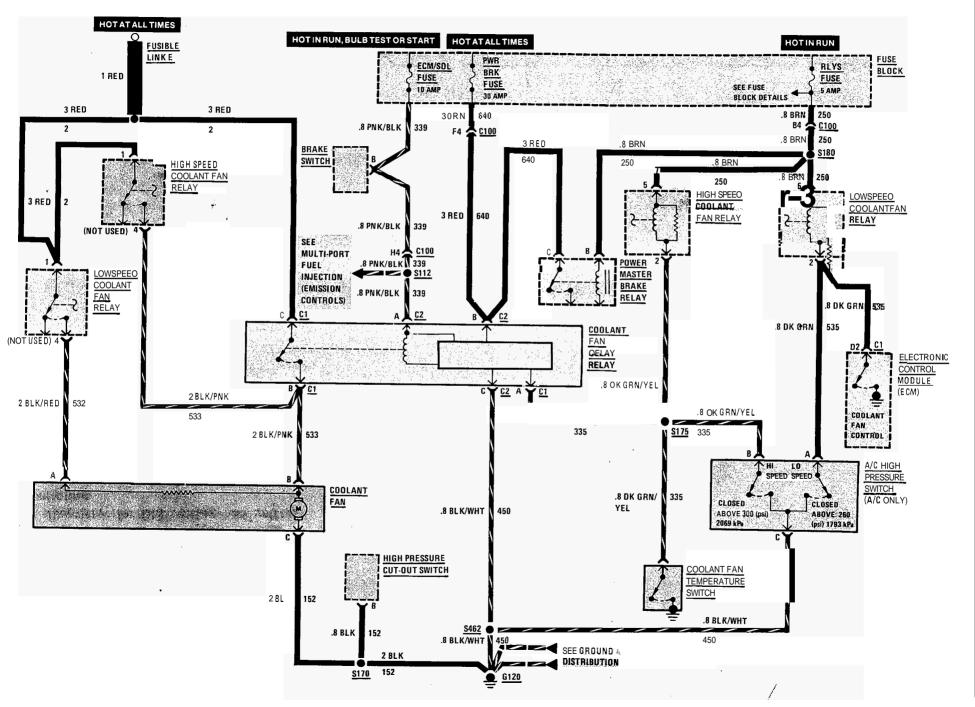
The digital Regulator directly controls the field with a Pulse Width Modulated (PWM)signal, which is valued in duty cycles. When the Ignition Switch is first turned to RUN, before the engine is started, voltage is applied to the Regulator through the VOLTS Indicator bulb. The Regulator, which is in a field strobe function, applies a small percentage of duty cycle to the field windings to produce a magnetic field. **As** the Generator RPM increases, the field strobe function is disabled and normal regulation occurs.

(Continued from previous page)

AC voltage is generated in three Stator Windings in the Generator. This is changed to **DC** voltage by the Rectifier Bridges. This DC output is applied to the Battery and the vehicle's circuits at the BAT terminal of the Generator. The battery terminal also supplies voltage to the Regulator for field voltage and voltage monitoring.

The Regulator can detect a fault within the Generator and ground the VOLTS Indicator light through a lamp driver. The indicator will light in full brilliance when there is an under or over voltage conditioning, a broken drive belt, an open or shorted field circuit, or an open Regulator.

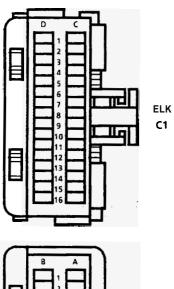
# $_{\odot}$ COOLANT FANS: TURBO VIN 7

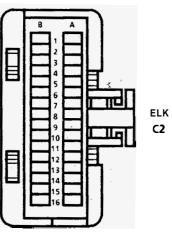


8A - **31** - 0

# HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES

C100, See Page 202-0





V00005.0 Electronic Control Module

COMPONENT LOCATION	Page-Figure
A/C High Pressure Cut-Out Switch In A/C line, below generator.	201- 8-A
Brake Switch	201-12-A
Coolant Fan Delay Relay LH rear of engine compartment, above wheel well	201- 9-A
Coolant Fan Temperature Switch LH front of engine, left of throttle body	201- 6-A
Electronic Control Module (ECM) . RH shroud, near lower access hole.	201-17-B
Fuse Block Under LH side of I/P	201-12-A
Fusible Link E (VIN7) RH side of engine, near starter solenoid	201- 6-B
High Speed Coolant Fan Relay LH side of engine compartment, above wheel well	201- 9-A
Low Speed Coolant Fan Relay LH side of engine compartment, above wheel	
well.	201- 9-A
Power Master Brake Relay LH front of dash, below brake master cylinde	
C100 (45 cavities) LH rear of engine compartment.	
G120 (VIN7) RH rear of engine, on cylinder head	
S170. Engine harness, near mass air flow sensor	
S175 Engine harness, near brake master cylinder.	
S180. Engine harness, under brake master cylinder	
S462 (VIN 7) Engine harness, near rear of LH valve cover.	201- 7-A



**GRY** 12015384 A/C High Pressure Switch

WHT 12010649 Brake Switch

# HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES



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Coolant Fan

High Speed Coolant Fan Relay

BLK 12034003

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V00025.0

See High Speed Coolant Fan Low Speed Coolant Fan Relay,

Relay

Coolant Fan Delay Re b





V00026.0

High Pressure Cut-Out Switch





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BLK 12015797

Power Master Brake Relay

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## TROUBLESHOOTINGHINTS

Try the followingchecks before doing the System Check.

Check the ECMISOL Fuse by operating Brake lights.

- Go to System Check for a guide to normal operation.
- Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

# SYSTEM CHECK

- Use the System Check Table as a guide to normal operation.
- Refer to System Diagnosis for a list of **symp**toms and diagnostic steps.

equipped with Coolant Fan Delay Relay)

# SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

• Diagnostic steps for the symptoms listed in the following table are listed after the table.

# SYMPTOM TABLE

- A. Coolant Fan does not run at Low Speed
- B. Coolant Fan does not run at High Speed
- C. Coolant Fan does not turn off
- D. Coolant Fan does not run for a delay period after the Ignition Switchistuned OFF (engine coolant hot) but Fan does run when the Ignition Switch is in RUN

#### A: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT LOW SPEED (TABLE 1)

Connect: FUSE At: ALDL CON Conditions: • Ignition S		
Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
Terminal B & Ground	Coolant Fan <b>runs</b>	See 1

ACTION	NORMAL OPERATION
With the engine cold and idling, move the A/C SelectorSwitchtoNORM (if equipped with A/C)	The Coolant Fan turns on
With engine coolant below operating tem- perature, move the AIC Selector Switch to OFF	The Coolant Fan turns off
Run the engine at a fast idle for several minutes	The Coolant Fan turns on and runs at low speed and then the fan will run at high speed before the Coolant Temperature Indicator in the Instru- ment Panel comes on or before the Coolant Tem- perature Gage needle reaches H
Run the engine for a few more minutes, and then turn the engine off	The Coolant Fan continues to run at high speed until the Coolant Temperature lowers (if

SYSTEM CHECK TABLE

8A

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(Continued from previous page)

- Al. With the Ignition Switch in RUN, connect a fused jumper between the DK GRN (535) wire and ground at either the ECM connector C1 terminal D2, or the A/C High Pressure Switch terminal A (see schematic).
- If the fan does not run, go to Table 2.
- If the fan runs, replace suspect switch or refer to Section 6E for ECM diagnosis as necssary.

#### A: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT LOW SPEED (TABLE 2)

#### Connect: TEST LAMP At: LOW SPEED COOLANT FAN RELAY (Disconnected) Conditions:

Conditions:

Ignition Switch: RUN
Fused jumper in place from A1

Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
5 (BRN)& Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 1
5 (BRN) & 2 (DK GRN)	Test Lamp lights	See 2
1 (RED) & Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 3

- If all the results are correct, go to Table 3.
- 1. Check A/C Fuse and BRN (250)wire for an open.
- 2. Check DK GRN (535)wire for an open.
- 3. Check Fusible Link E and RED (2)wire for an open.

#### A: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT LOW SPEED (TABLE 3)

Connect: FUSEDJUMPER At: COOLANT FAN RELAY CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
<b>1 (RED) &amp; 4</b> (BLK/RED)	Coolant Fan runs	See 1
• If Coolant Fan runs, replace Coolant Fan		

• If Coolant Fan **runs**, replace Coolant Fan Relay.

1. Go to Table 4.

## A: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT LOW SPEED (TABLE 4)

Connect: TEST LAMP At: COOLANT FAN CONNECTOR (Disconnected) Conditions: • Ignition Switch: RUN • Fused jumper connected between terminals 1 (RED) and 4 (BLK/RED) cf the Low Speed Coolant Fan Relay

Connecto	or and ground.	-
Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
A (BLK/RED) & Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 1
A (BLK/RED) & C(BLK)	<b>Test Lamp</b> lights	See 2
If above regults are correct replace the		

- If above results are correct, replace the Coolant Fan.
- 1. Check BLK/RED (532)wire for an open.
- 2. Check BLK (152)wire for an open.

#### B:COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT HIGH SPEED

Turn the Ignition Switch to RUN and connect a fused jumper between DK GRN/YEL (335)wire and ground at either the Coolant Fan Temperature Switch or the A/C High Pressure Switch terminal B (if equipped).

- If the fan does not run at high speed, go to Table 1.
- If the fan does run at high speed, replace the suspect switch.



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#### B: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT HIGH SPEED (TABLE 1)

Connect: TEST LAMP At: HIGH SPEED COOLANT FAN RELAY CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

Conditions:

- Ignition Switch: RUN
- Fused jumper in place from B1.

Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
5 (BRN)& Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 1
5 (BRN) & 2 (DKGRNI YEL)	Test Lamp lights	See 2
1 (RED) & Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 3

- If **all** above results are correct, go to Table 2.
- 1. Check A/C Fuse and BRN (250) wire for an open.
- 2. Check DK GRN/YEL (335) wire for an open.
- 3. Check Fusible Link E and RED (2)wire for an open.

#### B: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT HIGH SPEED (TABLE 2)

	ED JUMPER ED COOLANT FA OR (Disconnecte	
Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
1 (RED) & 4 (BLK/PNK)	Coolant Fan runs at high <b>speed</b>	
	ve result is corre d Coolant Fan Re e 3.	•

#### B: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN AT HIGH SPEED (TABLE 3)

Connect: TEST LAMP At: COOLANT FAN CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

#### Conditions:

- Ignition Switch: RUN
- Fusedjumper connected between terminals 1 (RED) and 4 (BLK/PNK) of the High Speed Coolant Fan Relay Connector.

Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
B (BLKIPNK) & Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 1
B (BLKIPNK) & C (BLK)	Test Lamp lights	See 2

#### C: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT TURN OFF

- 1. Disconnect Coolant Fan Temperature Switch.
- If Fan stops, replace Coolant Fan Switch.
- If Fan does not stop, go to step 2.
- 2. Disconnect A/C High Pressure Switch (AIC only).
- If Fan stops, replace A/C High Pressure Switch.
- If Fan does not stop, go to step 3.
- 3. With Ignition Switch off, disconnect High Speed Coolant Fan Relay (if equipped).
- If Fan stops, replace High Speed Coolant Fan Relay.
- If Fan does not stop, proceed to Step 4.
- **4.** With Ignition Switch off disconnect Low Speed Coolant Fan Relay.
- If Fan stops, go to step 5.
- If Fan does not stop, replace Coolant Fan Delay Relay.
- Connect a Test Lamp between terminals 5 (BRN) and 2 (DK GRN) of the Low Speed Coolant Fan Relay Connector.
- If the test lamp lights, check the DK GRN (535) wire for a short to ground. Refer to Section 6E for ECM diagnosis if wire is OK.
- If the test lamp does not light, replace the Low Speed Coolant Fan Relay.

(Continued from previous page)

#### D: COOLANT FAN DOES NOT RUN FOR A DELAY PERIOD AFTER THE IGNITION SWITCH IS TURNED OFF (ENGINE COOLANT HOT) BUT THE FAN DOES RUN WHEN THE IGNITION SWITCH IS IN RUN

Connect: TEST LAMP

At: COOLANT FAN DELAY RELAY

CONNECTOR (Disconnected) Conditions:

Ignition Switch: RUN

- Coolant Fan Relay: DISCONNECTED
- Enaine Coolant: HOT

Connect Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
C1/C (RED)& Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 1
C1/C (RED) & C2/C (BLK/ WHT)	Test Lamp lights	See 2
C2/B (RED)& Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 3
C2/B (RED) & C1/A (DK GRN/YEL)	Test Lamp lights	See 4
C2/B (RED) & C1/B (BLK/ PNK)	Test Lamp lights	See 5
C2/A (PNK/ BLK) & Ground	Test Lamp lights	See 6
• If all results are correct, replace Coolant		

<sup>•</sup> If all results are correct, replace Coolan Fan Delay Relay.

Continued from previous column)

- 1. Check Fusible Link E and RED (2) wire for an open.
- 2. Check BLWWHT (450) wire for an open.
- **3.** Check PWR BRK Fuse and RED (640) wire for an open.
- 4. Check DK GRN/YEL (335)wire for an open. If wire is OK, replace Coolant Fan Temperature Switch.
- 5. Check BLK/PNK (533)wire for an open.
- 6. Check ECM/SOL Fuse and PNK/BLK (339)wire for an open.

#### **CIRCUIT OPERATION**

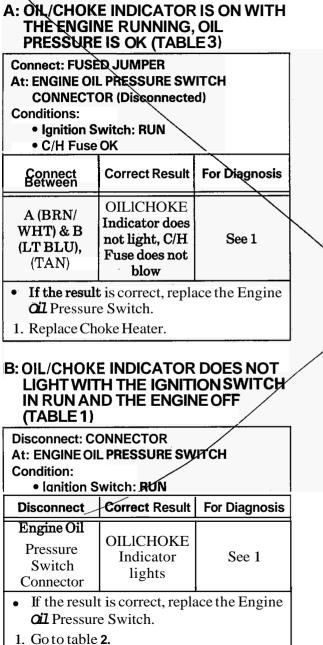
The Coolant Fan is electrically operated and is turned on when the engine coolant becomes hot enough to require cooling.

The Low Speed Coolant Fan is controlled by the Low Speed Coolant Fan Relay. This relay is controlled by the ECM and the Low Speed contact of the A/C High Pressure Switch. The High Speed Coolant Fan is controlled by the High Speed Coolant Fan Relay. This Relay is controlled by the Coolant Fan Temperature Switch and the Hi Speed contact of the A/C High Pressure Switch. When any one of these components grounds the coil of one of the relays, that particular fan runs.

On all cars, the Coolant Fan Delay Relay operates the Coolant Fan for a short period of time after the engine is turned off. A Solid State timer relay removes the path to ground for the Coolant Fan Delay Relay coil to turn off the fan. Refer to Section 6E for conditions that will cause the ECM to turn the fan ON or OFF.

<sup>(</sup>Continuedin next column)

# CHOKE HEATER: V6 VIN A



#### B: OIL/CHOKE INDICATOR DOES NOT LIGHT WITH THE IGNITION SWITCH IN RUN AND THE ENGINE OFF (TABLE2)

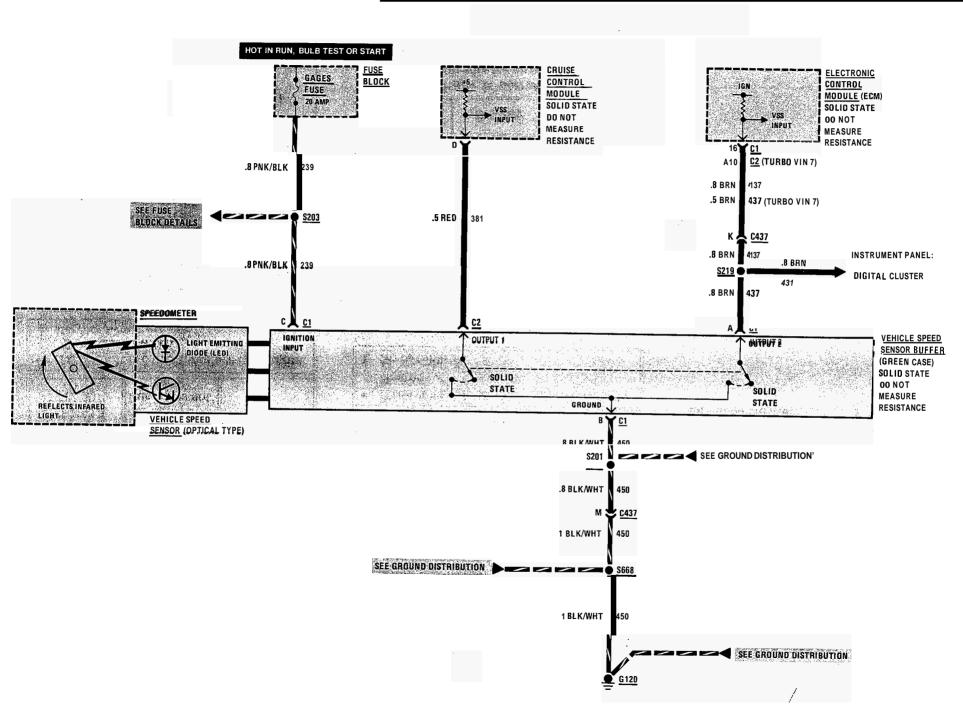
Measure: VOLT At: CHOKE HEA (Disconnec Condition: • Ignition St	ATER CONNECT ted)	OR		
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis	•	
Choke Heater Connector & Ground	Battery	See 1		
If the voltage Heater. 1. Go to table	ge is correct, rep 3.	lace the Choke		
B: OIL/CHOKE INDICATOR DOES NOT LIGHT WITH THE IGNITION SWITCH IN RUN AND THE ENGINE OFF (TABLE 3) Measure: VOLTAGE At: ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SWITCH				
CONNECTO Condition: • Ignition St	DR (Disconnecte witch: RUN	ed t		
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis		
B (LT BLU) & Ground Ground	Battery	See1		

# CIRCUIT OPERATION

When starting the engine, the Oil/Choke Indicator comes on as a bulb test. The bulb circuit is grounded through the Choke Heater. After the engine starts and the oil pressure comes up above 27 kPa (4 psi) the Engine *Oil* Pressure Switch closes. This applies battery voltage to the Choke Heater and also to the indicator bulb. The bulb goes out with battery voltage on both sides of it.

If the oil pressure drops, the Engine *d***1** Pressure Switch opens. The Oil/Choke Indicator lights since one side is again grounded through the Choke Heater.

# VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR: OPTICAL TYPE

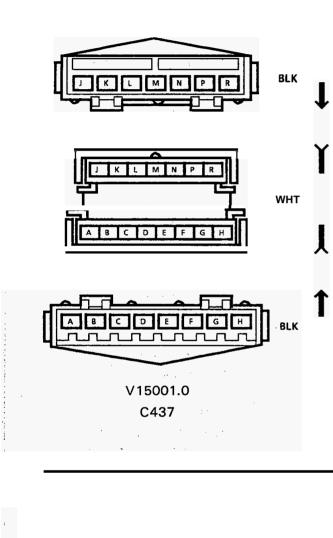


# REGAL

Page-Figure

# VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR: OPTICAL TYPE

# HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES

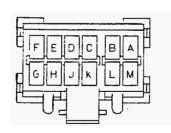


Electronic Control Module (ECM) Connector, See Pages 20-6 and 21-9

# COMPONENT LOCATION

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Serigare
201-12-A
201-17-В
201-12-A
201-16-A
201-17-В
201- 7-A
201- 1-A
201- 4-A
201-16-A
201-13-В
201-16-A
201- 8-B
201-20-В
201-17-В



BLK 12034125 Cruise Control Module

C1 BLK	C2 BLK

V00028.0 Vehicle Speed Sensor Buffer

# VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR: OPTICAL TYPE

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS**

- Try the following checks before doing the System Diagnosis.
- 1. Check GAGES Fuse by observing the SER-VICE ENGINE SOON Indicator with the Ignition Switch in RUN (engine not running).
- 2. If the Speedometerdoes not operate, there is a mechanical problem with the Speedometer cable system. See Section 7 of the Service Manual for procedures.
- 3. Check that ground G120 is clean and tight.
- Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

#### SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

- Do the tests listed for your symptom in the Symptom Table below.
- Tests follow the Symptom Table.

#### SYMPTOM TABLE

SYMPTOM	FOR DIAGNOSIS
Speedometer works properly, other speed functions do not work	Do Test A
Speedometer and Odometer do not work properly, other speed functions do not work	See Section 7 of the Service Manual for diagnostic pro- cedures

#### A: VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR BUFFER TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE At: VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR BUFFER (Disconnected) Conditions: • Ignition Switch: RUN • Cruise Control: ON				
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis		
C1-C (PNW BLK)& Ground	Battery	See 1		
C1-C (PNKI BLK)& C1-B (BLK/WHT)	Battery	see <b>2</b>		
C1-A (BRN) & Ground	Battery	See3		
C2-D (RED) & Ground	5 Volts	See 4		
• If all voltages are correct, repair/replace				

- If all voltages are correct, repair/replace the Vehicle Speed Sensor Buffer circuit.
- 1. Checkhepair PNWBLK (239)wire for an open (seeschematic).
- 2. Check/repair BLK/WHT (450) wire for an open (seeschematic).
- 3. Check/repair BRN (437)wire for an open (see schematic). Replace Electronic Control Module if the BRN wire is OK.
- 4. Checkhepair RED (381)wire for an open (see schematic). Replace Cruise Control Module if the RED wire is OK.

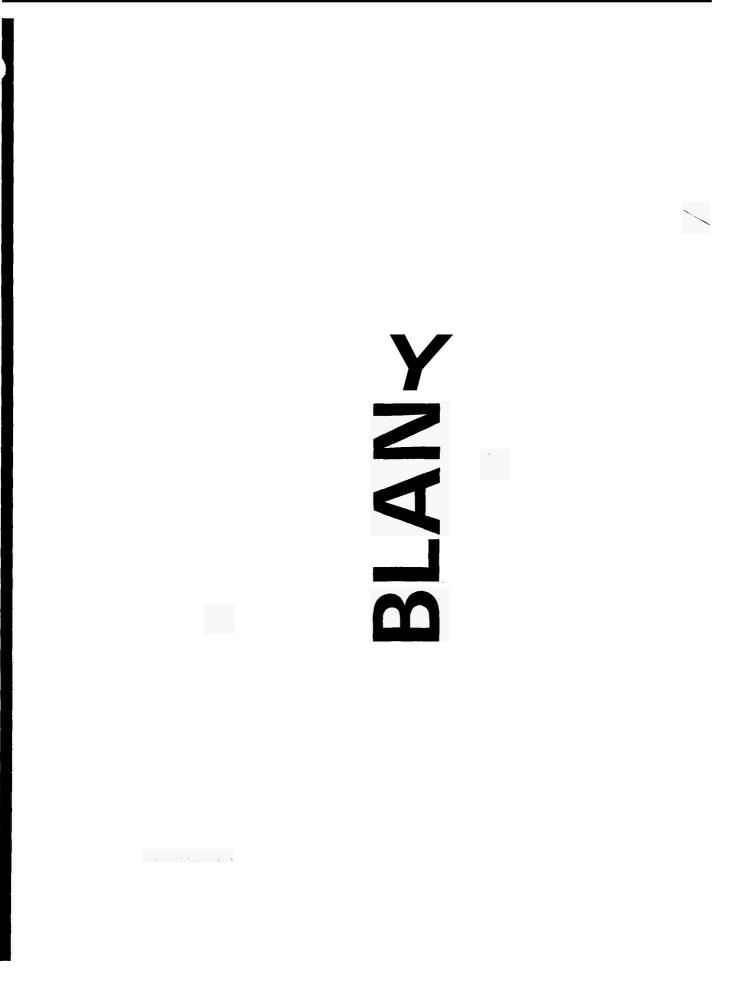
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#### **CIRCUIT OPERATION**

The Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)generates a signal that indicates the speed of the vehicle. This signal is processed by the solid-state Vehicle Speed Sensor Buffer to supply inputs to the Electronic Control Module (ECM) and the Cruise Control Module.

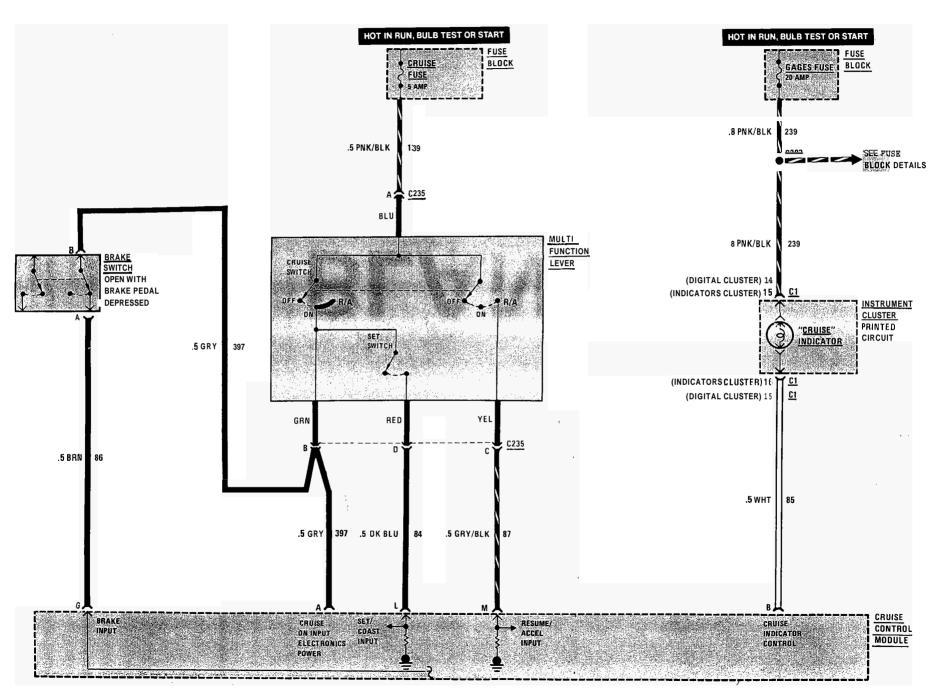
The Vehicle Speed Sensor is mounted in the back of the Speedometer. The speedometer cable rotates a disk in the Speedometer. The disk has two reflecting surfaces. Light from an infra-red source in the sensor reflects back to a solid-state detector there. As the speedometer cable turns, pulses of light are returned to the detector and electrical pulses are sent by the sensor to the buffer. The frequency of these pulses depends on the **speed** of the vehicle. As the speed increases, **so** does the number of voltage pulses produced each second. There are 2000 pulses for each mile that the car travels.

The Vehicle Speed Sensor Buffer takes the voltage pulses from the sensor, and uses them to close two solid-state switches. Each sensor pulse closes these switches once. The output terminals are switched to ground at a rate that indicates the **speed** of the vehicle. The output switches in the Vehicle **Speed** Sensor Buffer are solid-state switches, not mechanical ones. Self-powered test lights or ohmmeters should not be used to test them. Do not measure the resistance at the outputs of the buffer.



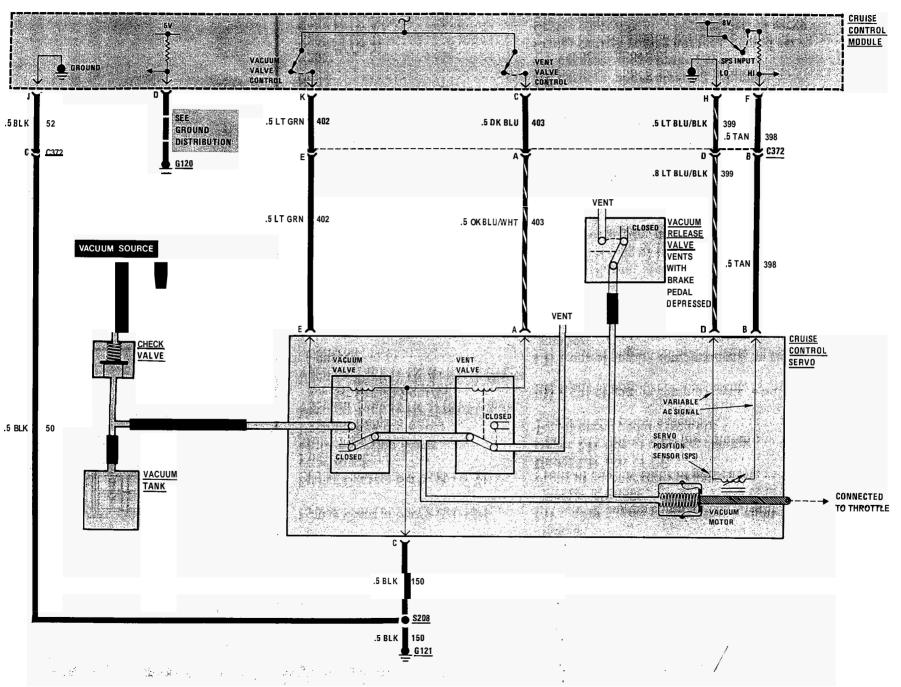
# **CRUISE CONTROL**

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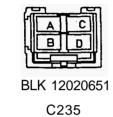
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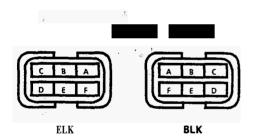
# CRUISE CONTROL

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# HARNESS CONNECTOR FACES





V06002.1 C372

COMPONENT LOCATION	Р	age-Figure
Brake Switch	Top of brake pedal support	201-12-A
	Above rear of engine. near plenum	201-18-B
	Behind I/P, above accelerator pedal	
Cruise Control Servo (VIN 7)	LH front of engine compartment. on inner	
	fender	201-18-C
Cruise Control Servo (VIN A)	LH rear of engine compartment. right of brake	
	master cylinder	201-18-B
Cruise Control Servo (VIN Y)	Front of engine. right of generator	201- 5-B
Fuse Block	Under LH side of I/P	201-12-A
Multi-Function Lever	Upper LH side of steering column	201-11 <b>-</b> C
Vacuum Release Valve	Top of brake pedal assembly	201-12-A
Vacuum Tank (VIN7) (Electronic		
A/C Or Cruise Control)	LH front of engine compartment. below battery	201-18-D
Vacuum Tank (VINA) (With Cruise		
Control)	LH front of engine compartment. on radiator	
	support	201-18-B
Vacuum Tank (VINY) (With Cruise		
	LH front of engine compartment. below battery	
	Middle of steering column	
•	Behind I/P, near steering column	201-12-A
	Behind RH side of <b>I</b> / <b>P</b> , behind glove box	201-17-В
	RH rear of engine. on cylinder head	201- 7-A
	LH rear of engine. on cylinder head	
	RH rear of engine. near distributor	201- 4-A
G121 (VIN 7)	LH side of inner fender. behind cruise control	
	servo	201-18-C
G121 (VINA)	Rear of engine compartment. right of cruise	<b>0</b> 01 10 1
	control servo	201-18-A
	Front of engine. on generator bracket	
S201	I/P harness. above radio	
\$203	IIP harness. above steering column	
S205	IIP harness. above brake pedal	
	Cruise control engine harness, behind servo	
	Cruise control engine harness. left of servo	
5200 ( V IIN 1 /	Cruise control engine harness. left of servo	201- J-B

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